



A NEW BEGINNING
FOR PEOPLE AND NATURE

THE ROLE OF ECOSYSTEM EXTENT AND ECOSYSTEM CONDITION ACCOUNTS

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European Environment Agency

#EUGreenWeek
19–22 OCTOBER 2020





ROLE OF ECOSYSTEM EXTENT AND ECOSYSTEM CONDITION ACCOUNTS

Jan-Erik Petersen, EEA

Presentation in three parts:

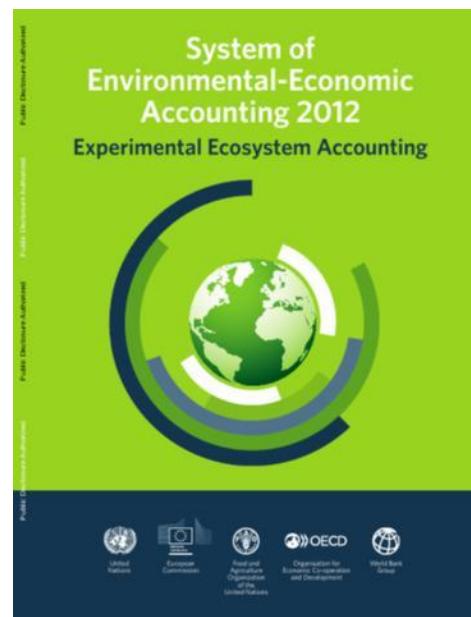
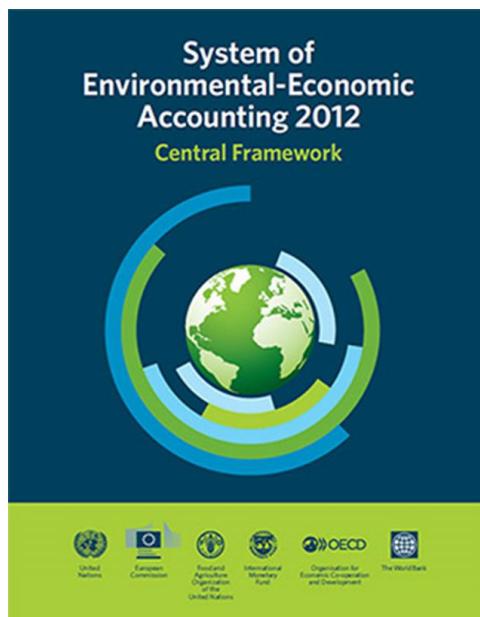
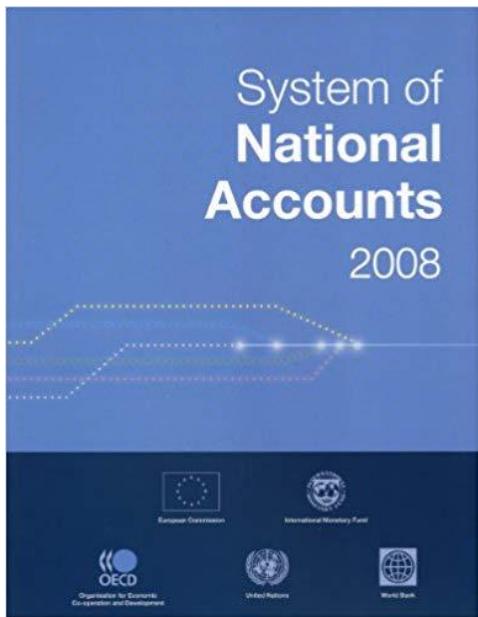
- 1) Global and EU context
- 2) EU ecosystem extent accounts
- 3) Accounts for ecosystem condition



ROLE OF ECOSYSTEM EXTENT AND ECOSYSTEM CONDITION ACCOUNTS

Jan-Erik Petersen, EEA

United Nations standards for accounting



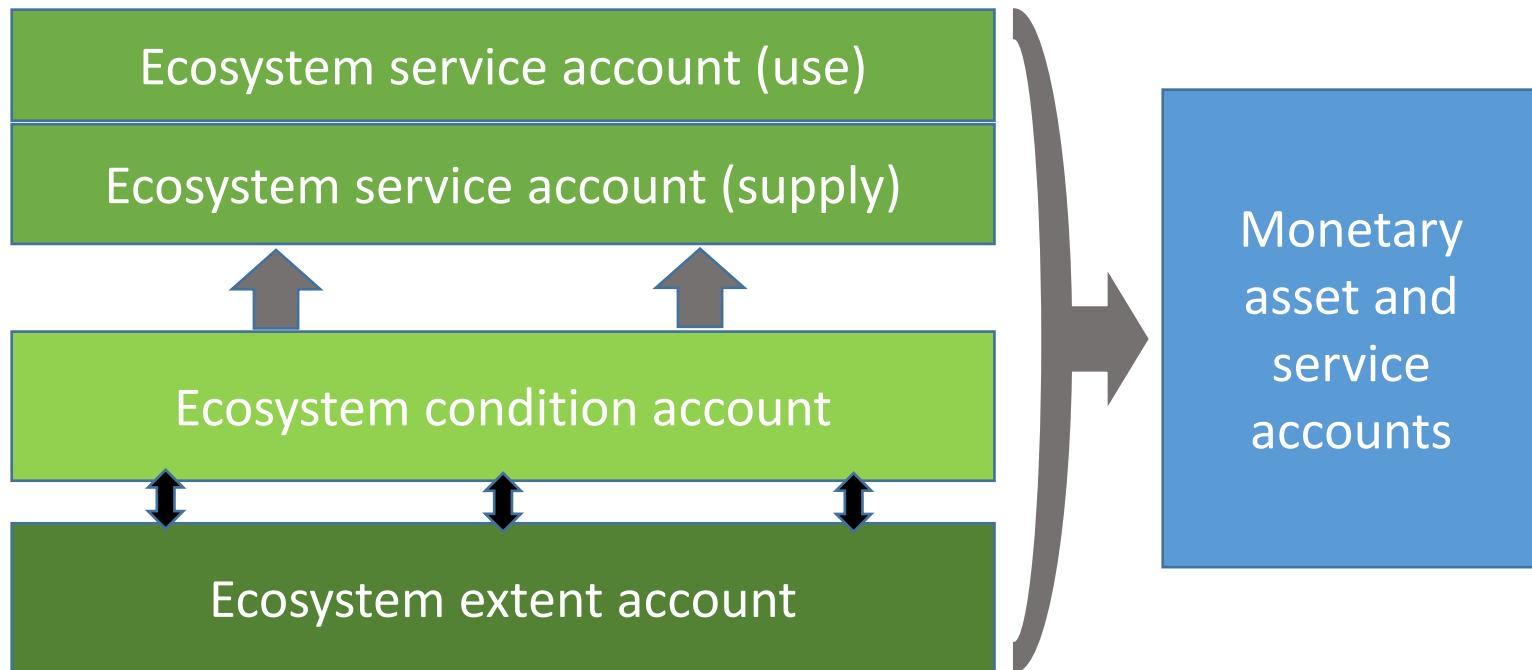
Economy

Environment

Ecosystems



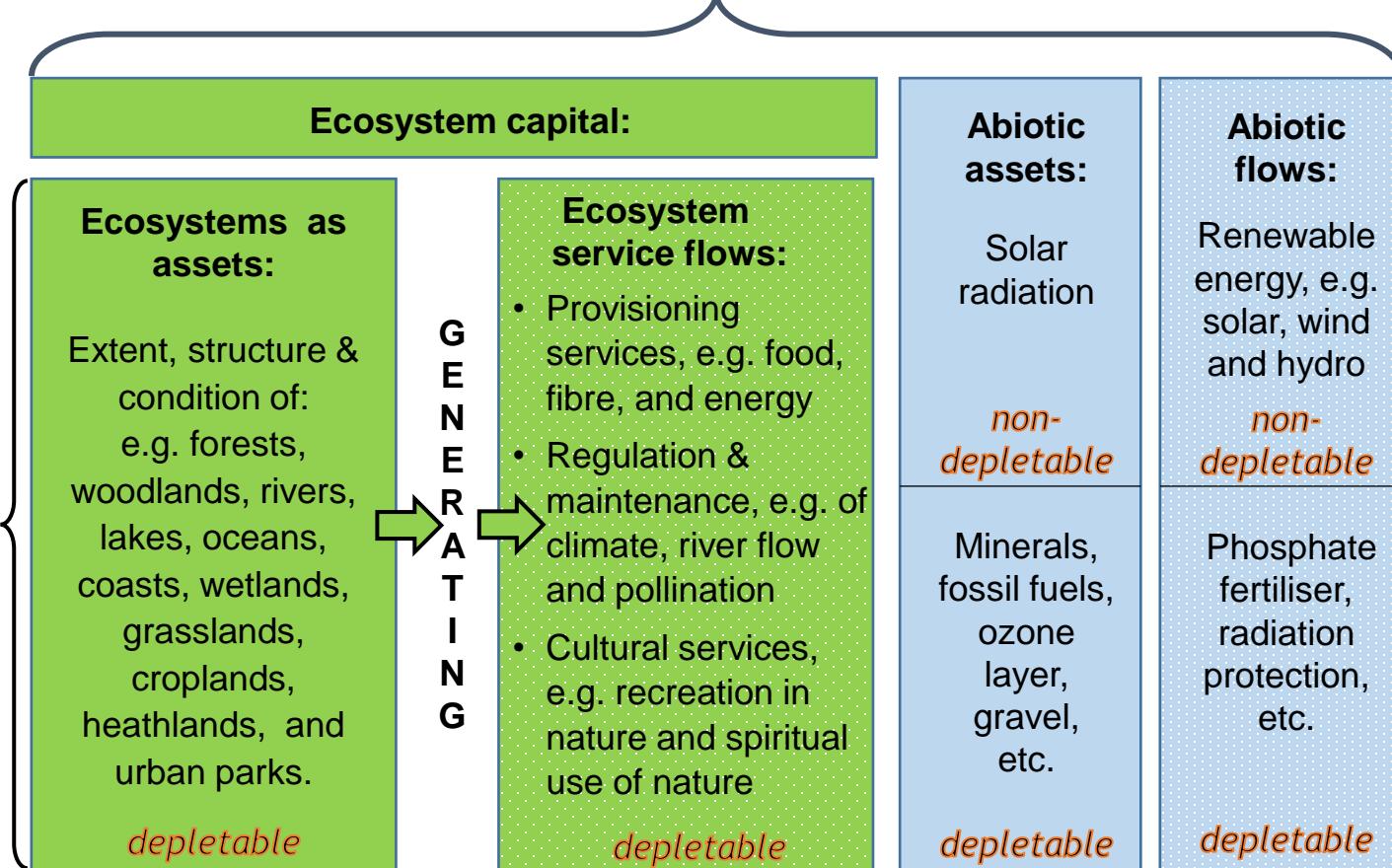
Simplified representation of SEEA EEA approach





A brief review of Natural capital

Accounts
on eco-
system
extent and
condition





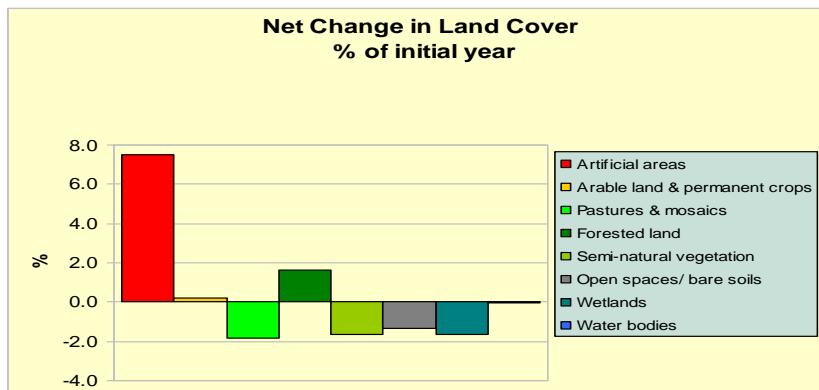
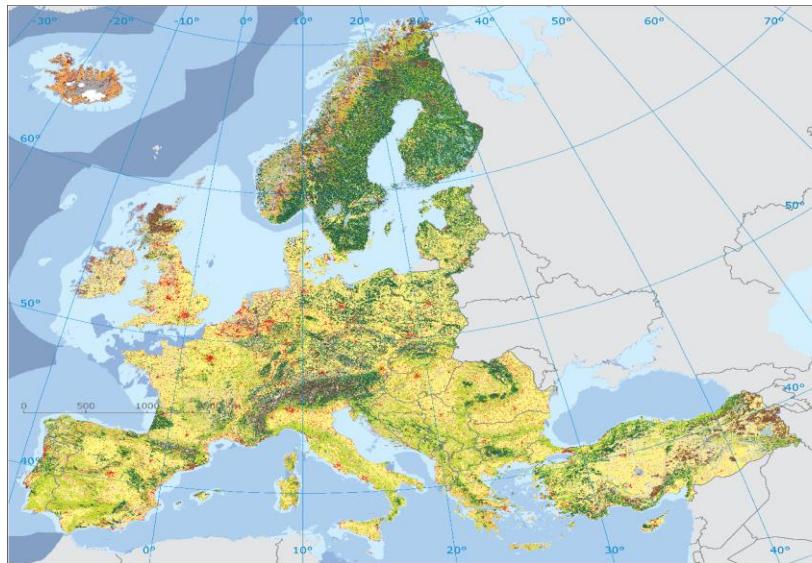
KIP INCA project on Accounting for natural capital and ecosystem services

'KIP INCA' goals:

- Cooperation: ESTAT, EEA, ENV, JRC, RTD
- Develop an integrated EU ecosystem accounting system
- Track ecosystem extent and condition (EEA)
- Track and project ecosystem service flows (JRC)
- Valuation of benefits from natural capital (ENV, Eurostat, JRC)
- Implementation to 2020 (+ beyond..)

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EU Ecosystem extent accounts proposed by EEA

Data foundation

Based on CLC,
high level grouping

Based on CLC, more
detailed grouping

Based on CLC,
give trends on 30
ecosystem types

Tiers of increasing complexity

Tier I ecosystem extent account (MAES Ecosystem Types)

Tier II ecosystem extent account (as sub-division of tier I)

Tier III ecosystem extent account
(sub-division of tier II, providing highest level of detail)

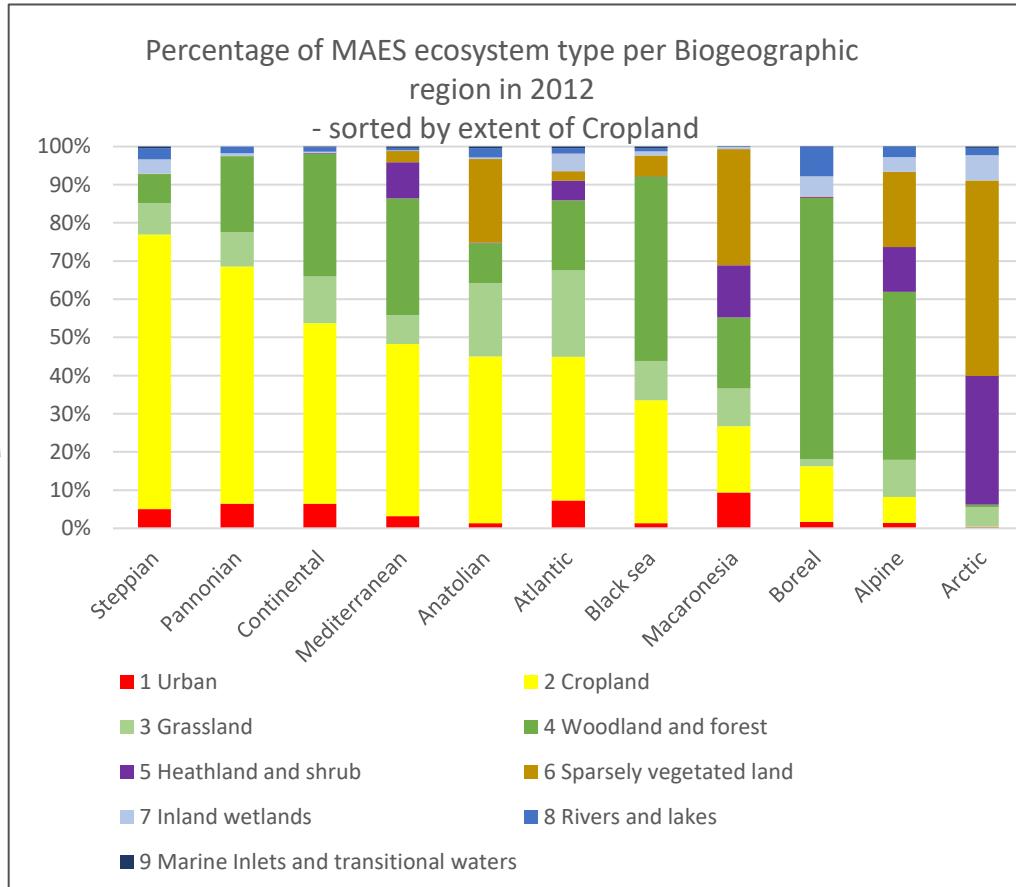
Full European coverage

Tier I – Ecosystem extent accounts by biogeographic region



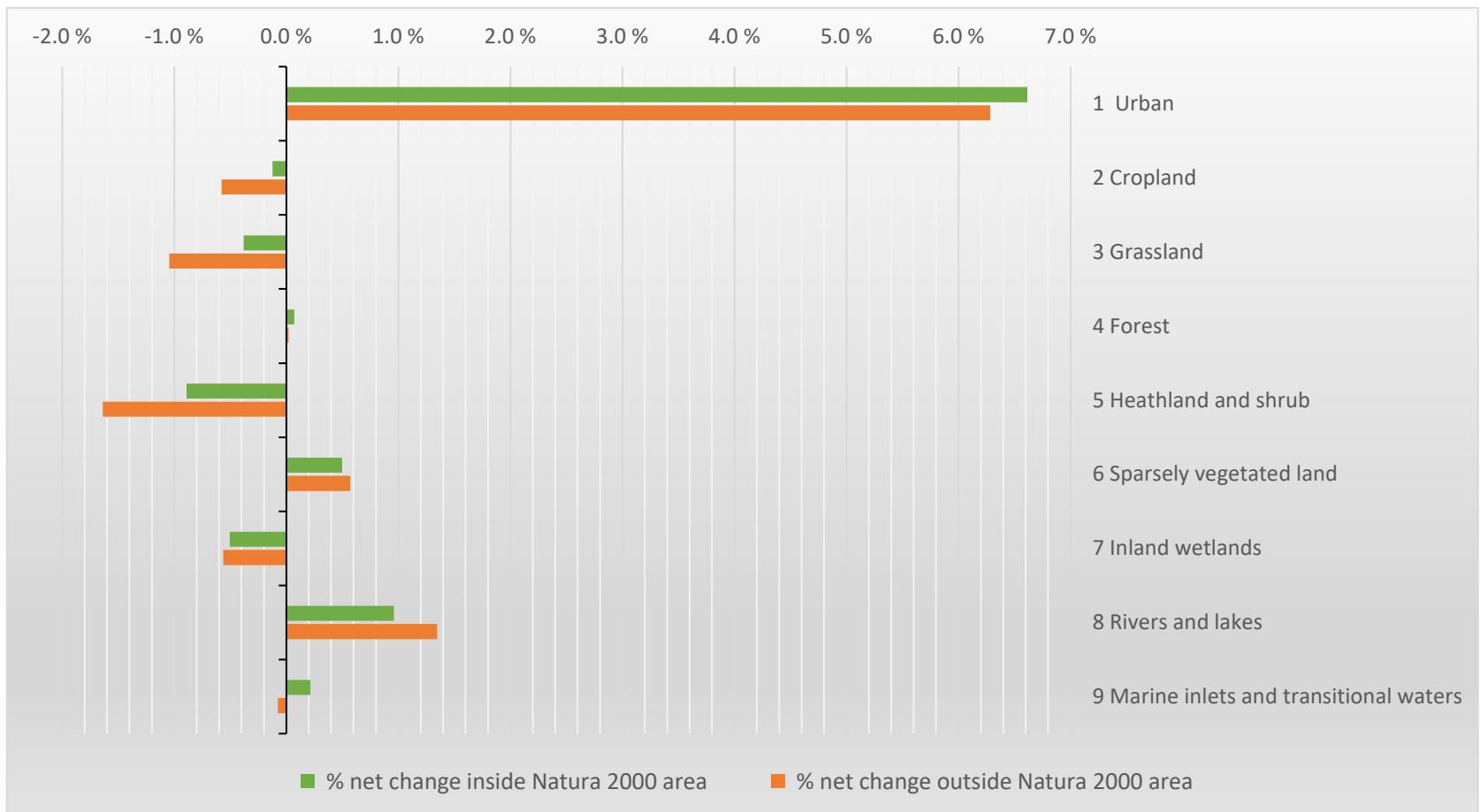
Area in KM ²	MAES ecosystem types									Total
	1 Urban	2 Cropland	3 Grassland	4 Woodland and forest	5 Heathland and shrub	6 Sparsely vegetated land	7 Inland wetlands	8 Rivers and lakes	9 Marine Inlets and transitional waters	
Alpine										
Ecosystem extent 2006	9,364	43,982	63,075	286,073	75,773	128,210	24,596	18,235	72	649,380
Reductions to 2006 ecosystem extent	28	79	59	3,590	13	65	6	2	0	3,841
Additions to 2006 ecosystem extent	178	26	46	3,478	3	104	1	6	0	3,841
Stable ecosystem stock	9,336	43,902	63,016	282,483	75,760	128,146	24,591	18,233	72	645,539
Net additions to ecosystem extent	150	-53	-13	-112	-10	39	-5	4	0	0
Net additions as % of 2006	1.60	-0.12	-0.02	-0.04	-0.01	0.03	-0.02	0.02	0.00	0.00
Ecosystem extent 2012	9,514	43,928	63,062	285,961	75,763	128,249	24,591	18,239	72	649,380
Anatolian										
Ecosystem extent 2006	5,370	183,635	80,823	43,928	833	91,867	1,805	10,154	1,686	420,102
Reductions to 2006 ecosystem extent	150	525	399	171	4	200	31	43	1	1,525
Additions to 2006 ecosystem extent	594	296	93	211	0	12	19	294	6	1,525
Stable ecosystem stock	5,221	183,110	80,424	43,757	829	91,666	1,774	10,111	1,684	418,577
Net additions to ecosystem extent	444	-229	-306	41	-4	-188	-13	251	5	0
Net additions as % of 2006	8.27	-0.12	-0.38	0.09	-0.49	-0.20	-0.71	0.27	0.28	0.00
Ecosystem extent 2012	5,815	183,407	80,517	43,968	829	91,678	1,793	10,405	1,691	420,102

Spatial referencing underpins the link between maps, tables & analysis





Ecosystem trends inside and outside of Natura 2000 areas, 2000 - 2018





Measuring ecosystem condition

- A more complex undertaking
- EEA producing some pilot condition accounts only
- Most work on ecosystem condition at EU-level is being carried out in MAES ecosystem assessment
- Some key challenges:
 - Spatial + regular data on condition parameters
 - Summarising ecosystem condition – use one index or rely on selection of individual condition parameters
 - Understanding link of ecosystem condition -> ES & analysing related trade-offs

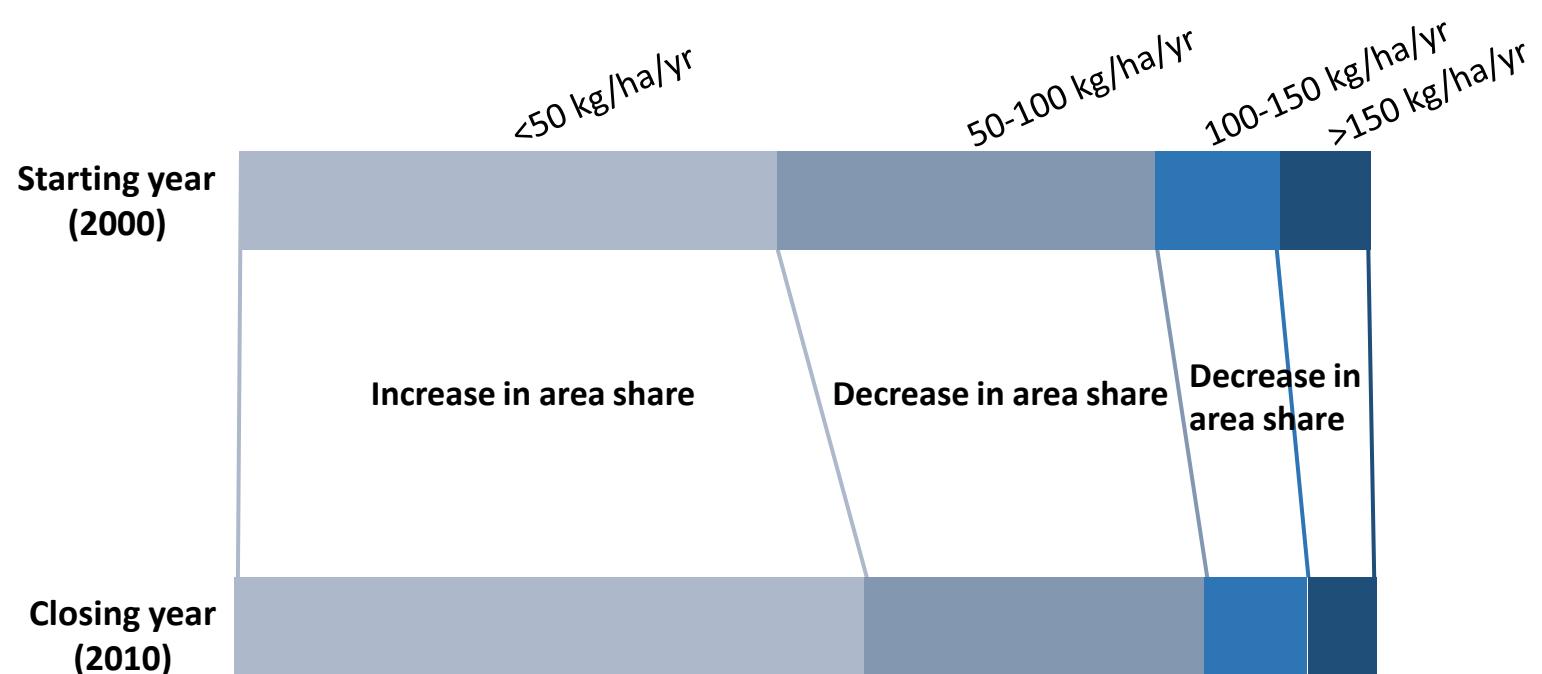


Initial results from pilot spatial nutrient account

Accounting element	Nitrogen input level	% share of all Cropland	% share of all Grassland
Starting year (2000)	a) < 50 kg/ha/yr	59.3	47.3
	b) 50 - 100 kg/ha/yr	31.2	33.7
	c) 100 - 150 kg/ha/yr	6.6	10.8
	d) > 150 kg/ha/yr	2.9	8.2
	Grand Total	100.0	100.0
Closing year (2010)	a) < 50 kg/ha/yr	66.6	55.6
	b) 50 - 100 kg/ha/yr	22.5	29.8
	c) 100 - 150 kg/ha/yr	7.7	8.8
	d) > 150 kg/ha/yr	3.2	5.8
	Grand Total	100.0	100.0
Average N-input per ha/yr	Overall trend index (%)	-7.8	-14.9
Share of area with low input level (< 50 kg/ha/yr)	Low input trend index (%) (over 10 years)	7.3 percentage points	8.3 percentage points

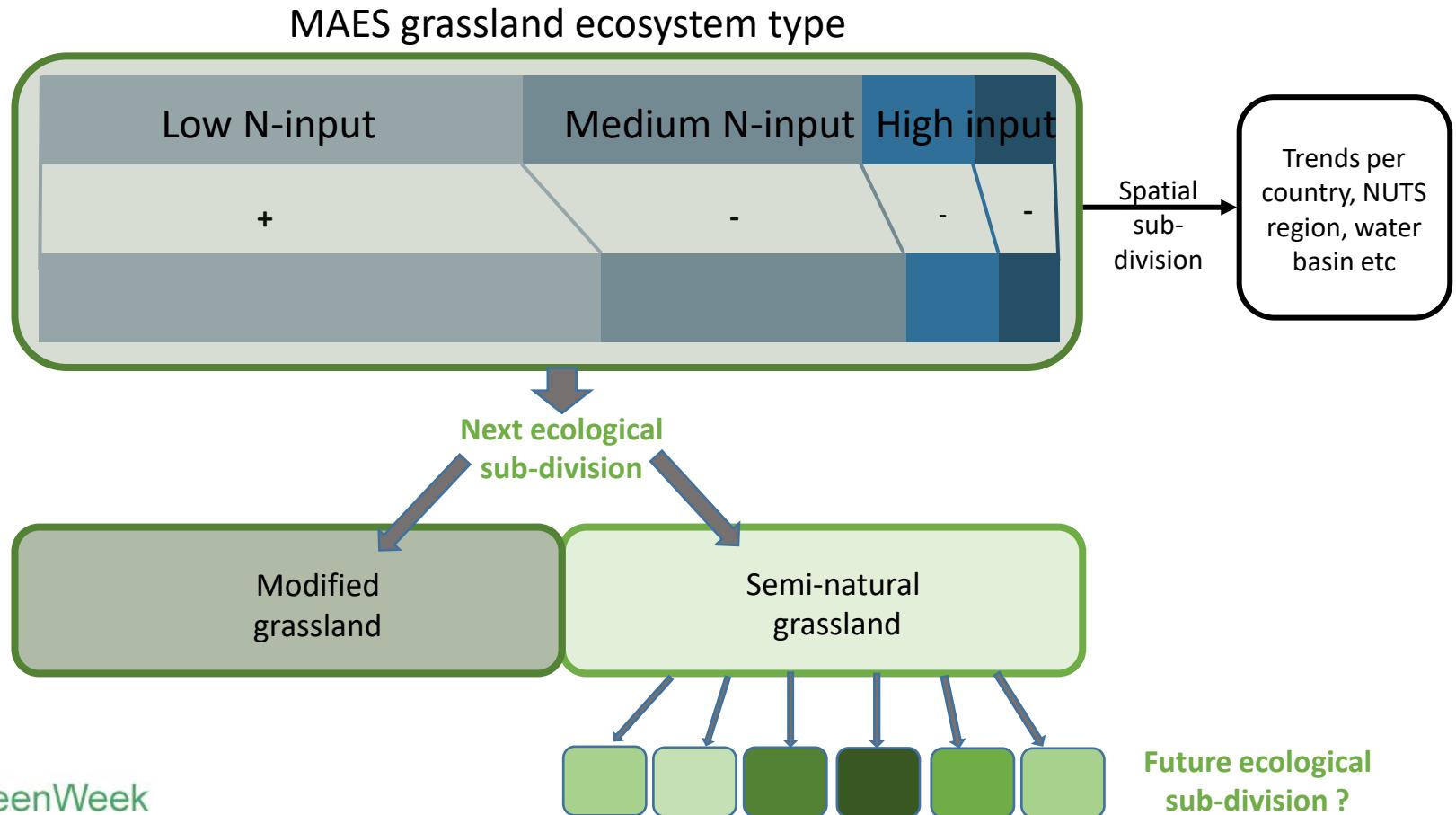


Initial results from pilot spatial nutrient account – an interpretation



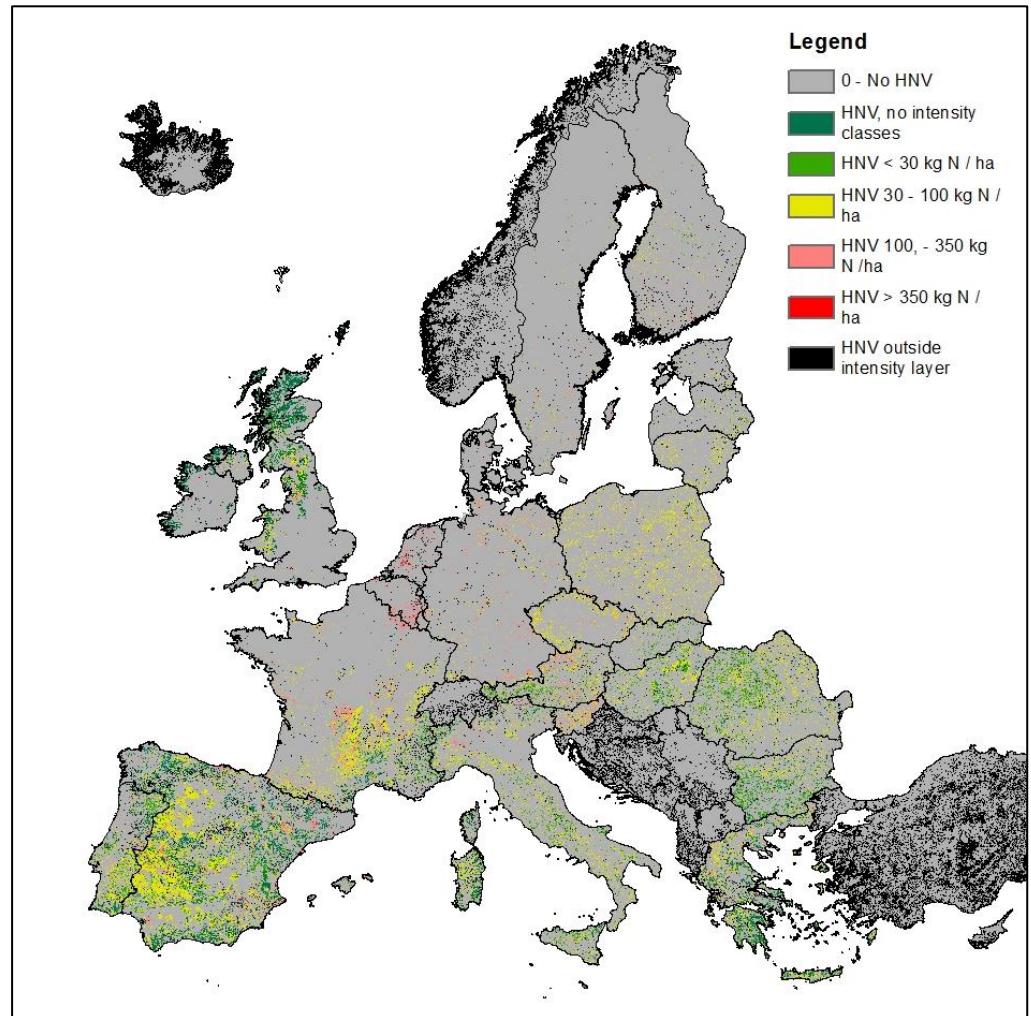
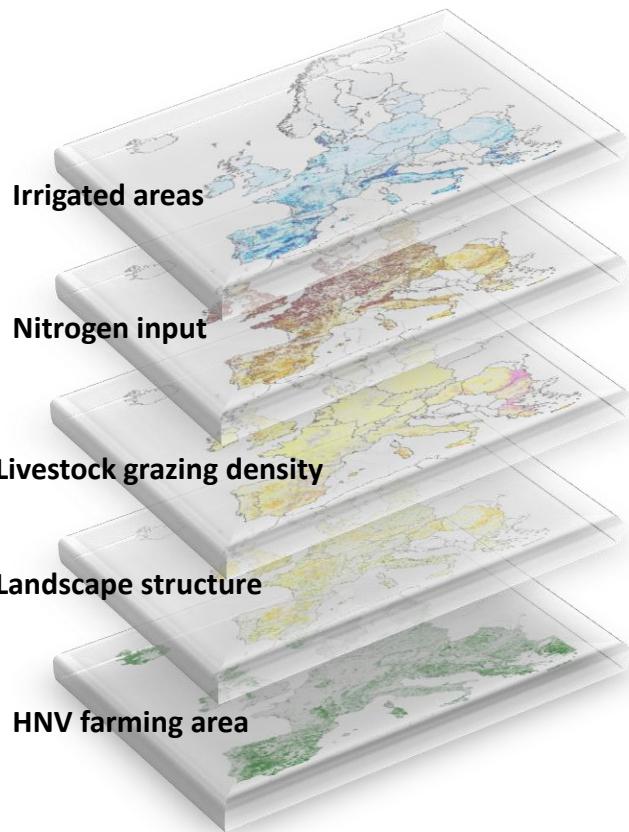


Further development of EU level grassland nutrient account





Geo-spatial data overlay: Refining mapping of high nature value farmland with N-input data from EU CAPRI model

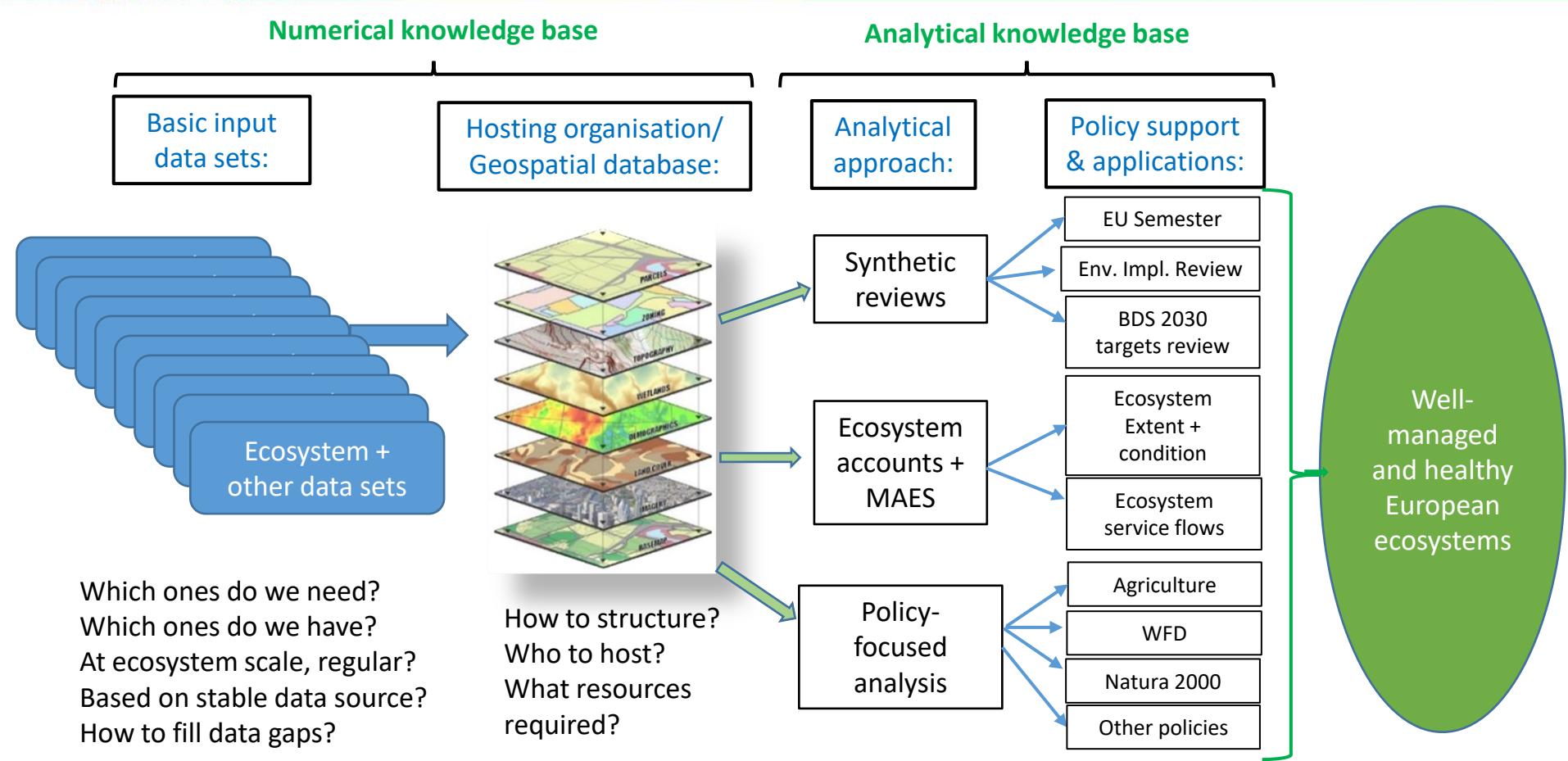


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Knowledge base for managing natural capital: Ecosystem monitoring & geo-spatial data base





Thank you very much for your attention.

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